

Central London Retail Market in Minutes



Has vacancy in the West End bottomed out?

The decline in Central London Prime Zone A rents accelerated in Q3 2021 to -17.4% year-on-year. This was driven by falls across City locations as well as some key West End streets. However, its important to flag that limited leasing activity is making it difficult to ascertain true rental tone in some cases.

Unsurprisingly, this softening in headline rents, alongside an increase in incentives, has coincided with rising vacancy rates since the onset of the pandemic. However, Q3 reported a reversal of this trend with the Prime West End vacancy falling by almost 50bps to 13.7%. Landlord Shaftesbury reported a similar trend with vacancy across their Estate falling to 2.9%, as of 30th September, down from 4.6% in July (vacancy measured as available-to-let vacancy as % of estimated rental value). Is this pointing to the start of a recovery in occupational demand?

Agent feedback suggests occupier sentiment is improving driven primarily by F&B. This is largely a reflection of robust domestic spending on eating out as we have emerged from lockdown, but has also been supported by the relaxation in planning that permits the conversion of retail to F&B use. However, in some locations, we are seeing retailer interest tentatively return.

Looking to 2022 we expect the downward pressure on vacancy to become more widespread and accelerate,

Headline Central London Retail Indicators

	Q3 2020	Q2 2021	Q3 2021
West End Footfall weekly average year-on-year (13 week period)	-59.9%	+340.9% -56.1% (vs 2019)	+33.4% -47.0% (vs 2019)
New International Entrants	2	5	3
Prime West End vacancy rate (Oxford, Bond, Regent St)*	6.1%	14.2%	13.7%
Prime headline rents			
All Central London Prime ZA Rental Growth (year-on-year)	-12.7%	-14.4%	-17.4%
Oxford Street West Prime ZA Rent	£750 psf	£700 psf	£675 psf
Bond Street Prime ZA Rent**	£2,400 psf	£2,000 psf	£1,750 psf

Source Savills Research; NWEA

Note: * vacancy based on unit count, not floorspace

**Prime ZA rents based on sentiment, due to lack of leasing evidence

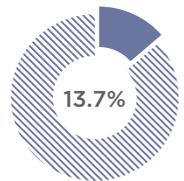
resulting in a tightening in landlord incentives. Although, on average, we are perhaps some way off from returning to pre-covid vacancy levels. This tightening in vacancy should mean an initial stabilisation in headline rents in a number of locations.

Continued improvements to footfall and international visitor numbers will be key to this. But, perhaps the biggest driver will be the strength of London's

fundamentals in terms of the size of its retail market and international reach relative to its now, lower occupational costs. Essentially, the decline in rents, alongside other landlord incentives, has potentially supercharged its profitability as a retail location. For those retailers and brands that remain confident in London's recovery, there may be a window of opportunity to secure space on very attractive terms.



Central London prime Zone A rents declined -17.4% year-on-year in Q321

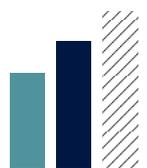


Prime West End vacancy decreased on a quarter-on-quarter basis, reaching 13.7% in Q3 2021

Central London prime Zone A rental growth index acceleration in rental declines in Q3 with core West End showing a greater degree of resilience.



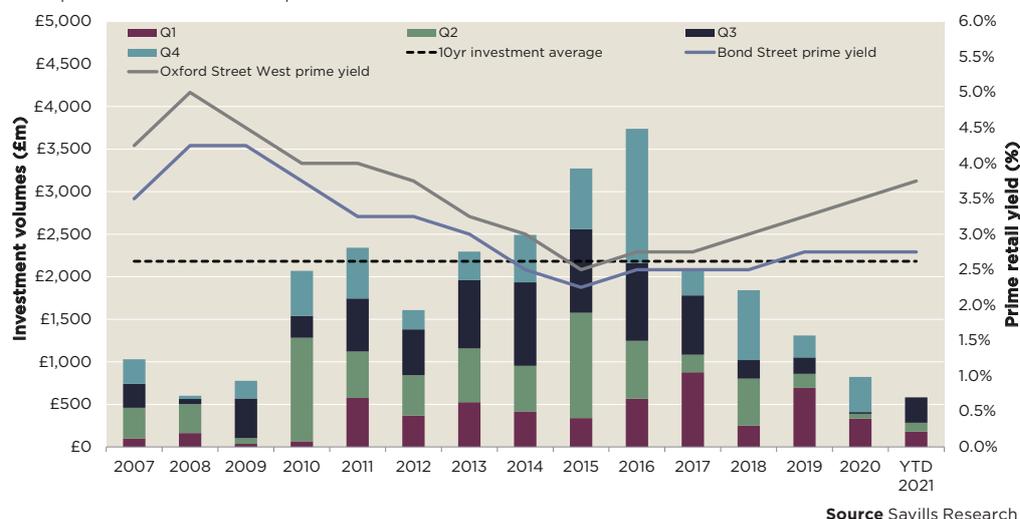
Source Savills Research



Q3 2021 investment volumes totalled £418.4m, representing the highest quarterly volumes since Q1 2019

Central London retail investment overview Q3 2021

Central London retail investment volumes year-to-date volumes are up 41.8% compared to the same period in 2020.



KEY INVESTMENT HEADLINES Q3 2021

Central London transaction volumes over Q3 totalled £298.4 million. This brought year-to-date activity to £582.2 million, a 41.8% increase on the record lows recorded over the same period in 2020. However, this figure still remains approximately 44.6% lower than 2019 equivalent volumes.

A lack of stock coming to the market continues to temporarily curb investment activity compared to pre-pandemic levels, despite robust appetite amongst international investors for prime units.

Bond Street continues to attract keen investor interest accounting for over half (65.7%) of year-to-date volumes across Central London. The key transaction in Q3 was Al Khashlok Group's acquisition of the Mulberry and Delvaux New Bond Street flagships from Oxford Properties/Richemont

for £228 million in August. Investor appetite for Bond Street is reflected in its prime yield, which remains unchanged to its pre-covid level of 2.75%. In contrast, indicative prime yields on Oxford and Regent Street are 25bps higher than seen at the end of 2019, although remain unchanged on Q221.

Looking ahead, a lack of stock on the market could continue to limit transaction volumes. However, a handful of trophy assets currently for sale or nearing completion have the potential to significantly boost quarterly figures upon completion. This includes Topshop on Oxford Street where IKEA are expected to complete on the reported £378 million acquisition by January 2022. Other notable assets on the market include Foyle's bookstore on Charing Cross Road and Patek Philippe's New Bond Street flagship.

	Q3 2020	Q2 2021	Q3 2021
Central London investment volumes (quarterly figure)	£21.0m	£104.1m	£298.4m
Prime Bond Street Yield	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%
Prime Oxford Street Yield	3.50%	3.75%	3.75%
Prime Regent Street Yield	3.75%	3.75%	3.75%

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